#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**September 30, 2020 and 2019** 



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

National Governing Board of Palau Red Cross Society:

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Palau Red Cross Society (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Palau Red Cross Society as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Palau Red Cross Society and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Palau Red Cross Society's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Palau Red Cross Society's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Palau Red Cross Society's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Tamuning, Guam August 10, 2022

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#### Statements of Financial Position Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

<u>Assets</u>		2020	2019		
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	41,916	\$	72,312	
Restricted cash		4,282		6,904	
Accounts receivable		9,140		-	
Inventory		62,435		57,571	
Prepaid expenses		135		135	
Total current assets		117,908		136,922	
Property and equipment, net		58,809		61,302	
Total assets	\$	176,717	\$	198,224	
Liabilities and Net Assets					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued taxes	\$	24,498	\$	32,971	
Deferred revenue		62,540		70,389	
Total current liabilities		87,038		103,360	
Net assets:					
Net asset deficiency without donor restriction		(70,235)		(473,441)	
Net assets with donor restriction		159,914		568,305	
Total net assets		89,679		94,864	
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$</u>	176,717	\$	198,224	

# Statements of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals For The Year Ended September 30, 2019)

	2020			2019
	Without	With	_	
	Donor	Donor		
	Restriction	Restriction	Total	Total
Revenues, gains and other supports:				
Grants	\$ -	\$ 377,467	\$ 377,467	\$ 429,988
Disaster relief	-	51,323	51,323	64,075
In-kind contribution	42,963	-	42,963	93,571
Contributions	27,204	-	27,204	24,307
Republic of Palau appropriations	60,000	-	60,000	10,000
Interest and other income	(1,002)	-	(1,002)	17,172
Net assets released from restrictions:				
Satisfaction of program restrictions	837,181	(837,181)		
Total revenues, gains and other				
support	966,346	(408,391)	557,955	639,113
Expenses:				
Program services:				
Community services	202,866	-	202,866	223,161
Disaster services	125,310	-	125,310	114,906
Supporting services:				
Management and general	234,364	-	234,364	237,811
Membership and fundraising	600		600	1,650
Total expenses	563,140	-	563,140	577,528
Change in net assets	403,206	(408,391)	(5,185)	61,585
Net assets (deficiency) at beginning of year	(473,441)	568,305	94,864	33,279
Net assets (deficiency) at end of year	\$ (70,235)	\$ 159,914	\$ 89,679	\$ 94,864

# Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020	2019			
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Change in net assets	\$	(5,185)	\$	61,585		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to						
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Depreciation		14,295		13,652		
(Increase) decrease in assets						
Accounts receivable		(9,140)		-		
Inventory		(4,864)		(57,571)		
Prepaid expenses		-		(135)		
Other assets		-		2,279		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued taxes		(8,473)		5,360		
Deferred revenue		(7,849)		7,389		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(21,216)		32,559		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Acquisition of fixed assets		(11,802)		(58,658)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(11,802)		(58,658)		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(33,018)		(26,099)		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		79,216		105,315		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$</u>	46,198	\$	79,216		
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$	41,916 4,282	\$	73,212 6,004		
	\$	46,198	\$	79,216		

Statement of Functional Expenses
For the Year Ended September 30, 2020
(with comparative totals for the year ended September 30, 2019)

	 I	Progr	am Service	ices		Supporting Services								
	ommunity Services		Disaster Services		Total Program Services		anagement d General		embership and ndraising		Total apporting Services	TO 2020	ΓAL	2019
	 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>a contrar</u>		inaraising_		-	 	-	
Salaries and wages	\$ 74,651	\$	17,420	\$	92,071	\$	128,011	\$	-	\$	128,011	\$ 220,082	\$	128,124
Rent	-		450		450		46,760		-		46,760	47,210		38,900
Supplies and materials	24,859		-		24,859		4,601		-		4,601	29,460		127,235
Travel services	10,057		-		10,057		9,130		-		9,130	19,187		16,649
Advertising	17,474		-		17,474		833		-		833	18,307		23,158
Repairs and maintenance	3,060		588		3,648		9,523		-		9,523	13,171		8,384
Professional services	1,140		_		1,140		2,646		600		3,246	4,386		16,349
Donations	-		-		-		2,189		-		2,189	2,189		50,182
Employee benefits	-		-		-		-		-		-	-		12,171
Utilities	-		-		-		=		-		-	-		-
Communication, training, other operating												-		
expenses and services	71,625		106,852		178,477		16,376		-		16,376	194,853		142,724
Depreciation	 						14,295			_	14,295	 14,295	_	13,652
	\$ 202,866	\$	125,310	\$	328,176	\$	234,364	\$	600	\$	234,964	\$ 563,140	\$	577,528

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (1) Organization and Purpose

Palau Red Cross Society (PRCS) is a not-for-profit humanitarian organization incorporated in the Republic of Palau (ROP) in 1995 and established by the Palau National Congress through House Joint Resolution 5-24-3 on July 31, 1997. PRCS became a recognized member of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) on September 30, 1997. It was admitted as a member to the International Federation of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC) on November 20, 1997, joining a membership of 191 National Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies around the world.

The vision of PRCS is to be the leading humanitarian organization in Palau that is inclusive, sustainable, effective, and meets the needs of the community. Its mission is to promote a safe, healthy, and resilient Palauan community. This is accomplished through services and programs that are based on the seven Fundamental Principles of the Red Cross Movement: Humanity, Impartiality, Neutrality, Independence, Voluntary service, Unity, and Universality. The services include: First-Aid and Basic Life Support Training; Disaster Management (Disaster Preparedness and Response, Single-Incident Emergencies); Health (Voluntary Non-Remunerated Blood Donation); and Social Care (Services to Armed Forces, Elderlies, Homebound patients, People with Disabilities and other vulnerable populations).

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification (FASB ASC) Section 958-205, *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations* and applied on a consistent basis. Under FASB ASC 958-205, PRCS is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: restricted and unrestricted.

- Net Assets without Donor Restriction are those assets presently available for use by the Organization over which the Board of Directors has discretionary control in carrying out the operations of the Organization.
- Net Assets with Donor Restriction are those assets which are subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met, either by actions of the Organization and/or the passage of time. When a donor restriction expires or is satisfied, restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

In addition, PRCS is required to present a Statement of Cash Flows.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Net Assets

PRCS reports grants or gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and are reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

#### Liquidity and Availability of Assets

Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958)* was implemented during the year ended March 31, 2020 and was applied to the financial statements in accordance with the transition guidance prescribed in the ASU, with enhanced disclosures about:

- The amounts and purposes of governing board designations, appropriations, and similar
  actions that result in self-imposed limits on the use of resources without donor-imposed
  restrictions as of the end of the period.
- The composition of net assets with donor restrictions at the end of the period and how the restrictions affect the use of resources.
- The qualitative information that communicates how the Organization manages its liquid resources available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year of the statements of financial position date.
- The quantitative information, either on the face of the statement of financial position or in the notes, and additional qualitative information in the notes as necessary, that communicates the availability of the Organization's financial assets at the statement of financial position date to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year of the statement of financial position date. Availability of a financial asset may be affected by (1) its nature, (2) external limits imposed by donors, grantors, laws, and contracts with others, and (3) internal limits imposed by governing board decisions.
- The amounts of expenses by both their natural classification and their functional classification. The analysis of expenses is provided in one location as a separate statement.
- The method(s) used to allocate costs among program and support functions.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Financial Position and the Statements of Cash Flows, PRCS considers cash and cash equivalents to include all deposits in bank and highly liquid investments with original maturity dates of less than three months.

PRCS's checking and savings are with federally insured banks and are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per depositor at September 30, 2020. At September 30, 2020 and 2019, cash amounts are within the insured limits. PRCS does not require collateralization of bank accounts, and therefore, amounts in excess of insurable limits are uncollateralized and are subject to custodial credit risk. PRCS has not experienced any losses in its cash in bank accounts.

#### **Inventory**

Inventory consists of supplies purchased for use in program and supporting services and goods for resale are valued at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method.

#### **Property and Equipment**

It is PRCS's policy that property and equipment purchased or acquired with original cost of \$1,000 or more and/or has an economic useful life that extends beyond 12 months are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost.

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized, and minor replacements, maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Donated assets are capitalized at the estimated fair market value at time of receipt. Certain donated services are capitalized as improvements when those services enhance the value of assets. In absence of donor-imposed restrictions on the use of the assets, gifts of long-lived assets are reported as unrestricted support.

Depreciation is computed primarily using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Estimated useful life is 10 years for furniture and fixtures, 5 years for vehicles and machinery and equipment, and 3 years for computers & printers.

#### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

PRCS reviews asset carrying amounts whenever events or circumstances indicate that such carrying amounts may not be recoverable. When considered impaired, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced - by a charge reflected in the Statements of Activities - to its estimated fair value. Management has determined that no long-lived assets were impaired during the year ended September 30, 2020; as such, no impairment losses were recorded during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### **Donated Services and Materials**

Amounts have been reported in the financial statements for voluntary donation of services when those services create or enhance non-financial assets or require specialized skills provided by individuals possessing those skills and which would be typically purchased if not provided by donation. Donated services and materials are recorded at fair value at the time of the donation.

#### Contributions

PRCS adopted FASB ASC Section 958-605-25, *Not-for-Profit Entities – Revenue Recognition*. Contributions received are recorded as net assets without restriction and net assets with restriction depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions in the period received. Conditional contributions are recorded as support in the period the condition is met. Restricted contributions are reported as net assets with donor restriction and are then reclassified to net assets without donor restriction upon satisfaction of the time or purpose restrictions.

All contributions are considered to be available for the general programs of PRCS unless specifically restricted by the donor. PRCS reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restriction are reclassified to net assets without donor restriction and reported in statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-restricted contributions are booked in the net assets with donor restriction for restrictions expiring during the current fiscal year, and then reclassified to the net assets without donor restriction.

#### **Deferred Revenues**

PRCS reports deferred revenues on its Statement of Financial Position. Deferred revenues arise when resources arrive before PRCS has legal claim for them, such as when grant funds are received before the qualifying expenditure is made. In the subsequent period, when PRCS has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Statement of Financial Position, and the revenue is recognized.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Employees of PRCS are entitled to paid vacation and paid sick days depending on job classification, length of service, and other factors. It is PRCS's policy is to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### **In-kind Contributions**

In-kind contributions, which are donations of services, clothing, food supplies, materials for PRCS programs, office rent are recognized as support and expenses in the accompanying Statements of Activities. Such services would be recognized as revenues and expenses for the function to which they relate, which would either be program (program services) or management and general (supporting services). In-kind contributions are recorded at their fair market value at the date of the donation.

PRCS was granted by the Koror State Public Lands Authority (KDPLA) the right to use and occupy a portion of the former OEK building free of charge, to include utility services. PRCS received in-kind contribution in the amount of \$36,000 representing the fair market value of rent and utilities.

#### **Income Taxes**

PRCS is a nonprofit corporation that is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Contributions to PRCS are deductible under section 170 of the IRC.

PRCS is a chartered and registered non-profit organization in the ROP and is granted qualification for specific tax exemptions by the Bureau of Revenue and Taxation pursuant to Title 40 of the Palau National Code Chapters 10 & 18 and is exempt from ROP Gross Revenue Tax. The ROP does not impose corporate income tax. Therefore, no income tax expense, income tax assets, or income tax liabilities have been included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Program Activities**

PRCS' activities include service to Chapters, armed forces emergency services, disaster services, health and safety services, community services, international services, membership/fundraising, and management and general.

#### **Functional Expenses**

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized in the accompanying Statement of Functional Expenses. Some categories of expense are attributable to more than one activity and require allocation primarily based on time and effort and applied on a consistent basis. Depreciation is allocated based on the use of the facility. Payroll expenses are allocated based on the nature of the position and program activity. Other expenses are assigned directly to specific activities as expenditures are made.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principle requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Revenues

Revenues are derived from monetary contributions, donations, in-kind contributions, grants and any income from special or fundraising events.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts reflected in the Statement of Financial Position for cash and cash equivalents, other assets, inventory, prepaid expenses, accounts payable and accrued expenses and deferred revenues approximate their respective fair values due to the short-term maturities of those instruments.

#### Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands financial statement disclosure about fair value measurements. Under ASC 820, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs to valuation technique used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

In some cases, the inputs used to measure fair value might fall in different levels of the fair value hierarchy. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement in its entirety falls shall be determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

ASC 825 permits all entities to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items, as defined under the standard, at fair value (the fair value option). A business entity shall report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings (or another performance indicator if the business entity does not report earnings) at each subsequent reporting date. Upfront costs and fees related to items for which the fair value option is elected shall be recognized in earnings as incurred and not deferred.

#### Accounting Standards Adopted in 2019

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, to replace a wide range of industry-specific rules with a broad, principles-based framework for recognizing and measuring revenue from contracts with customers. The guidance is codified at FASB ASC 606. The core principle of the new guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to reflect the transfer of goods and services to customers in an amount equal to the consideration the entity receives or expects to receive. PRCS's revenue is composed primarily of donations from grantors, individuals and businesses.

The scope of the guidance explicitly excludes net interest income as well as many other revenues for financial assets and liabilities including loans, leases, securities, and derivatives. The majority of the PRCS's revenues were not affected. Adoption of ASU 2014-09, which was effective for PRCS during the year ended September 30, 2019, did not have a material impact on Palau Red Cross Society's financial statements during the year ended September 30, 2019.

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-08, Clarifying the Scope and Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made (Topic 958) to provide guidance about accounting for non-profit grants and contracts with the stated purpose of providing guidance in evaluating when the transactions should be accounted for as contributions or exchanges and determining whether a contribution is conditional or unconditional. The ASU was implemented during the year ended September 30, 2019 and was applied to the September 30, 2019 financial statements in accordance with the transition guidance prescribed in the ASU. The adoption of ASU 2018-08 did not constitute a change in accounting principles or a correction of an error for PRCS.

#### Supplemental Cash Flow Information

PRCS has adopted FASB ASU 2016-18, *Restricted Cash*, which requires that the statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. All cash and cash equivalents at September 30, 2020 and 2019 were reported in two-line items in the accompanying statement of financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

#### Advertising

PRCS charges the cost of advertising to expenses as incurred.

#### (3) Cash and Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, cash and cash equivalents consist of the follows:

	2020		2019
Cash in bank	\$ 45,213	\$	78,915
Petty cash	300		301
Total	45,513		79,216
Restricted Cash	(4,282	)	(6,904)
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,231	\$	72,312

The restricted cash of \$4,282 and \$6,904 as of September 30, 2020 and 2019 pertains to deposits in interest bearing cash accounts maintained primarily for ICRC and foreign cash advances.

#### (4) Property and Equipment

A summary of property and equipment at September 30, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	Estimated		
	Useful Lives		
		 2020	 2019
Vehicles and machinery & equipment	5 years	\$ 73,768	\$ 63,844
Computers & printers	3 years	8,202	6,324
Furniture & fixtures	10 years	 5,504	 5,504
Total		87,474	75,672
Accumulated depreciation		 (28,665)	 (14,370)
		\$ 58,809	\$ 61,302

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 is \$14,295 and \$13,652 respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (5) Grant Revenue

The following information summarizes PRCS's grant and contract activities during the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	 2020	2019		
International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent				
Societies (IFRC)	\$ 159,523	\$	149,046	
The United Nation's Entity for Gender Equality & the				
Empowerment of Women (UN Women)	117,590		182,279	
International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC)	38,909		23,292	
Island Conservation	28,931		-	
Global Environment Facility-Small Grants Programme				
(GEF-SGP)	10,664		9,336	
Embassy of Japan	9,631		60,618	
Turkish Red Cresant	5,000		-	
India-Palau Small Grants Program	3,185		(3,185)	
Australian Red Cross	1,900		4,000	
Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment				
Programme (SPREP)	1,735		-	
The Empress Shoken Fund	398		(398)	
Matson Grant	 		5,000	
Total	\$ 377,467	\$	429,988	

PRCS was allotted to \$3,006 and \$10,917 of indirect costs for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (6) Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes at September 30, 2020 and 2019:

Subject to expenditure for specified purpose:	2020	2019
IFRC: PRC Core Cost and Financial Stability Support Capacity Building Support: Early Warning System	\$ 83,022	\$ -
and Creation of Red Cross Disaster Action Teams	9,281	56,181
Emergency COVID-19 Operations Start Up Grant	(22,601)	-
Strengthening PRCS with USAID funding	(34,108)	92,865
Disaster relief	51,323	64,075
UN Women: Women's Empowerment through Emergency Preparedness, Crisis Response and Recovery	29,663	182,279
SPREP:		
Community-based early warning system & disaster risk reduction	28,265	-
Embassy of Japan:		
Project for Enhancing Community Resilience in Palau	7,092	60,618
GEF-SGP: Improving community preparedness and response to		
disasters due to the impact of climate; Developing and testing a community-based Early Warning System	3,846	9,336
India-Palau Small Grants Program	3,185	3,185
Japan relief donation	-	58,401
Australian Red Cross: 2019 Financial Audit	1,900	4,000
Empress Shoken Fund: Palau caregiver certificate program: General	398	398
ICRC:		
Communication & Dissemination Program	(1,353)	36,967
Total	\$ 159,914	\$ 568,305

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (7) Liquidity and Availability of Assets

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the Statement of Financial Position date, comprise the following:

Cash	\$ 46,198
Inventory	62,435
Prepaid expenses	135
Total financial assets	108,767

Less amounts not available to be used with financial

assets at year end:

Financial assets at year end:

Accounts payable	24,498
Deferred revenue	34,496

Financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next 12 months

\$ 49,773

As part of PRCS's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations become due.

#### (8) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year's financial statements to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations or net assets.

#### (9) Contingencies

Grant awards and their related expenditures can be subject to financial and compliance audits to ascertain if federal laws and guidelines have been followed. In the event of noncompliance, there is a possibility that a grantor could question certain costs and require the recipient to return such questioned costs to the grantor.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2020 and 2019

#### (10) COVID-19

PRCS's operations may be affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of the coronavirus disease 2020 (COVID 19) which was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. The ultimate disruption which may be caused by the outbreak in uncertain; however, it may result in a material adverse impact on PRCS's financial position, operations, and cash flows. Future potential impacts may include disruptions or restrictions on PRCS's ability to continue the projects that were in progress at September 30, 2020. Additional impacts may include the inability of PRCS's customers to continue making progress payments as a result of job loss or other pandemic relate issues. Other effects may also include a decline in the value of assets held by the organization, including property and equipment.

#### (11) Date of Management's Review

In preparing the accompanying financial statements and footnotes, management has evaluated subsequent events through August 10, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no such events requiring disclosure.